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Supplement of

The importance of cylinder passivation for preparation and long-term stability of multicomponent monoterpene primary reference materials

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Description of uncertainty analysis procedure

Below is the uncertainty evaluation adopted when comparing the response of an unknown mixture against a validated calibration standard e.g. a PRM:

$$\bar{r} = \frac{2A_{u,avg}}{(A_{s,avg1} + A_{s,avg2})} \quad (S1)$$

Where \bar{r} is the average ratio, $A_{u,avg}$ is the average peak area from n repeated measurements of the comparison mixture, $A_{s,avg1}$ is the average peak area from n repeated measurements of the calibration standard before running the comparison mixture and $A_{s,avg2}$ is the average peak area from n repeated measurements of the calibration standard after running the comparison mixture.

The amount fraction of the target component in the comparison mixture, x_u , is then calculated by:

$$x_u = x_s \bar{r} \quad (S2)$$

Where x_s is the amount fraction of the target component in the standard. The standard uncertainty of the measurand, $u(x_u)$, is calculated by:

$$\frac{u(x_u)}{x_u} = \sqrt{\frac{u(x_s)^2}{x_s^2} + \frac{u(\bar{r})^2}{\bar{r}^2}} \quad (S3)$$

$u(x_s)$ is the uncertainty of the reference standard $u(\bar{r})$ is the uncertainty of the ratio, it includes e.g. repeatability, internal blanks, peak shape (error of integration), error in the sample volume. The uncertainty in \bar{r} is calculated by:

$$\frac{u(\bar{r})^2}{\bar{r}^2} = \frac{u(A_{u,avg})^2}{A_{u,avg}^2} + \frac{u(A_{s,avg1})^2}{(A_{s,avg1} + A_{s,avg2})^2} + \frac{u(A_{s,avg2})^2}{(A_{s,avg1} + A_{s,avg2})^2} \quad (S4)$$

Table S1: Overview of purity analysis of chemicals purchased.

Compounds found	Chemical purity analysed							
	$\pm\alpha$ -pinene	$\pm\beta$ -pinene	limonene	3-carene	1,8-cineole	<i>n</i> -octane	$\pm\beta$ -pinene	$\pm\alpha$ -pinene
$\pm\alpha$ -pinene	97.95%	98.80%	<0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	<0.01%	1.61%	1.08%
$\pm\beta$ -pinene	0.06%	0.11%	<0.01%	0.02%	0.03%	<0.01%	93.82%	95.33%
limonene	0.17%	0.24%	99.04%	0.24%	0.34%	<0.01%	1.48%	0.87%
3-carene	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	98.23%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%
1,8-cineole	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	99.49%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%
3-carene	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%
cis-ocimene	0.01%	0.03%	0.02%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%
myrcene	<0.01%	<0.01%	0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%
<i>n</i> -octane	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	<0.01%	99.90%	<0.01%	<0.01%
unknown terpene	0.60%	0.42%	0.30%	0.96%	0.04%	<0.01%	3.07%	2.71%
other hydrocarbons	1.21%	0.27%	0.63%	0.53%	0.06%	0.10%	0.02%	0.03%

Table S2: The percentage difference between the reference standard mixture BB and the decanted monoterpene mixture in a 10 L internally passivated Experis cylinder (normalised for gravimetric differences).

Experis		Difference with respect to the reference standard mixture BB				
Decant	Pressure	<i>n</i> -octane	$\pm\alpha$ -pinene	3-carene	R-limonene	1,8-cineole
cylinder 1	120 bar	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%	0.7%	0.5%
cylinder 1	70 bar	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	0.9%	0.9%
cylinder 2	50 bar	0.7%	0.3%	0.2%	0.9%	0.8%
cylinder 2	30 bar	0.6%	0.0%	0.3%	0.9%	1.7%
cylinder 3	20 bar	0.3%	-0.8%	-0.6%	-0.4%	-1.1%

Table S3: The percentage difference between the reference standard mixture BB and the decanted monoterpene mixture in a 10 L internally passivated Experis cylinder repeated (normalised for gravimetric differences).

Experis repeat		Difference with respect to the reference standard mixture BB				
Decant	Pressure	<i>n</i> -octane	$\pm\alpha$ -pinene	3-carene	R-limonene	1,8-cineole
cylinder 1	120 bar	0.5%	0.7%	0.9%	1.4%	1.5%
cylinder 1	70 bar	0.5%	0.8%	0.8%	0.6%	0.8%
cylinder 2	50 bar	0.3%	0.6%	0.5%	0.9%	1.0%
cylinder 2	30 bar	0.1%	-0.1%	0.0%	-0.2%	-0.1%
cylinder 3	20 bar	0.6%	0.4%	0.3%	0.5%	-0.2%

Table S4: The percentage difference between the reference standard mixture BB and the decanted monoterpene mixture in a 10 L internally passivated BOC SPECTRA-SEAL cylinder (normalised for gravimetric differences).

BOC SPECTRA-SEAL		Difference with respect to the reference standard mixture BB				
Decant	Pressure	<i>n</i> -octane	+/- α -pinene	+3-carene	R-limonene	1,8-cineole
cylinder 1	120 bar	0.3%	-61.8%	-2.0%	8.5%	-20.4%
cylinder 1	70 bar	No further decants were performed for this cylinder type as the passivation was shown to be unsuitable for monoterpenes.				
cylinder 2	50 bar					
cylinder 2	30 bar					
cylinder 3	20 bar					

Table S5: The percentage difference between the reference standard mixture BB and the decanted monoterpene mixture in a 10 L internally passivated BOC SPECTRA-SEAL cylinder (normalised for gravimetric differences) repeated.

BOC SPECTRA-SEAL repeat		Difference with respect to the reference standard mixture BB				
Decant	Pressure	<i>n</i> -octane	+/- α -pinene	+3-carene	R-limonene	1,8-cineole
cylinder 1	120 bar	0.4%	-100.0%	-26.5%	-53.5%	-52.0%
cylinder 1	70 bar	No further decants were performed for this cylinder type as the passivation was shown to be unsuitable for monoterpenes.				
cylinder 2	50 bar					
cylinder 2	30 bar					
cylinder 3	20 bar					

Table S6: The percentage difference between the reference standard mixture BB and the decanted monoterpene mixture in a 10 L internally passivated treated BOC SPECTRA-SEAL cylinder with further proprietary in-house treatment (normalised for gravimetric differences).

In-house treated BOC SPECTRA-SEAL		Difference with respect to the reference standard mixture BB				
Decant	Pressure	<i>n</i> -octane	+/- α -pinene	+3-carene	R-limonene	1,8-cineole
cylinder 1	120 bar	0.7%	-100.0%	-27.8%	-48.8%	-54.9%
cylinder 1	70 bar	No further decants were performed for this cylinder type as the passivation was shown to be unsuitable for monoterpenes.				
cylinder 2	50 bar					
cylinder 2	30 bar					
cylinder 3	20 bar					

Table S7: The percentage difference between the reference standard mixture BB and the decanted monoterpene mixture in a 10 L internally passivated treated BOC SPECTRA-SEAL cylinder with further proprietary in-house treatment (normalised for gravimetric differences) repeated.

In-house treated BOC SPECTRA-SEAL repeat		Difference with respect to the reference standard mixture BB				
Decant	Pressure	<i>n</i> -octane	+/- α -pinene	+3-carene	R-limonene	1,8-cineole
cylinder 1	120 bar	0.1%	-100.0%	-94.9%	-94.5%	-97.4%
cylinder 1	70 bar	No further decants were performed for this cylinder type as the passivation was shown to be unsuitable for monoterpenes.				
cylinder 2	50 bar					
cylinder 2	30 bar					
cylinder 3	20 bar					

Table S8: Elution times, forward match (FM) and reverse match (RM) values obtained by mass spectrometry for Mixture BB.

Mixture BB			
Compound	Elution time	Forward match	Reverse match
α -pinene	39.25	904	907
3-carene	41.25	909	952
limonene	41.65	894	896
1,8-cineole	41.80	864	900

Table S9: Elution times, forward match (FM) and reverse match (RM) values obtained by mass spectrometry for a terpene mixture in a BOC SPECTRA-SEAL passivated cylinder.

Mixture in BOC SPECTRA-SEAL passivated cylinder			
Compound	Elution time	Forward match	Reverse match
camphene	39.80	946	962
α -terpinene	41.40	921	930
cymene	41.65	937	949
τ -terpinene	42.25	911	931
terpinolene	43.05	938	945

Table S10: The Kovats' Retention Indices on a non-polar column, using a custom temperature program for reference publications 1-8 (Adams, 1998; Araujo et al., 2003; de Marchese et al., 2007; Dwivedi et al., 2004; Frizzo et al., 2001; Novak et al., 2001; Riu-Aumatell et al., 2004; Tuberoso et al., 2005).

Elution time	Compound	Kovats' Retention Indices value										
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Average	Max value	Min value
39.25	α -pinene	938	937	933		928	934	938	939	935	939	928
39.80	camphene	954		946		955		954	953	952	955	946
41.25	β -carene			1011			1011	1013	1011	1012	1013	1011
41.40	α -terpinene		1017			1024		1020	1018	1020	1024	1017
41.65	p-cymene	1025	1026			1015	1023		1023	1022	1026	1015
41.66	limonene	1029	1029	1020	1017	1028	1029	1034	1031	1027	1034	1017
41.80	1,8-cineole		1033	1020			1036	1031		1030	1036	1020
42.25	γ -terpinene		1058	1051	1057	1058	1059	1063	1062	1058	1063	1051
43.05	terpinolene		1084	1097	1074	1086	1088	1092	1088	1087	1097	1074

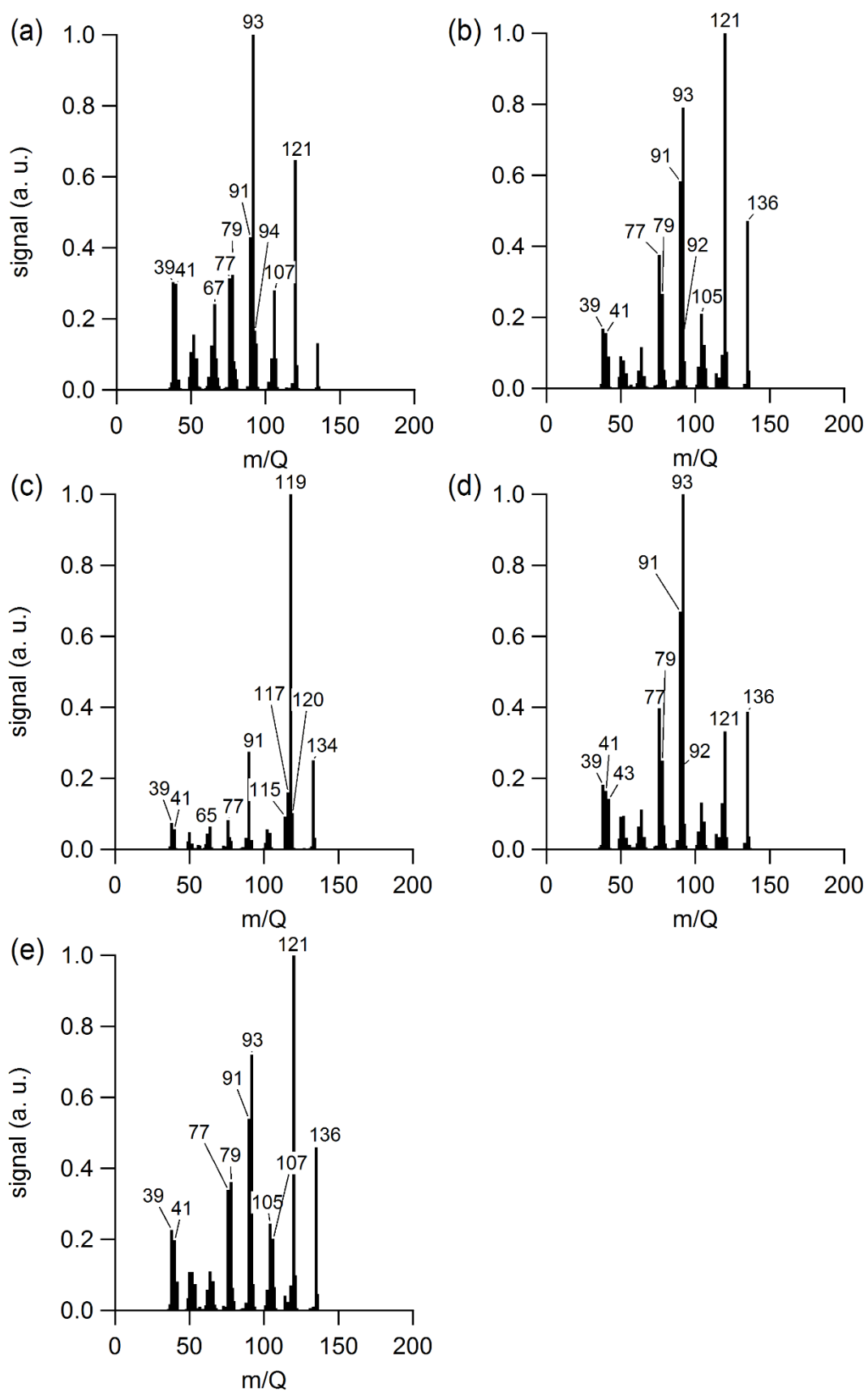


Figure S1: Mass spectrometry ion fragmentation spectra for (a) camphene (b) α -terpinene (c) cymene (d) τ -terpinene (e) terpinolene peaks identified and observed in a BOC SPECTRA-SEAL passivated cylinder.

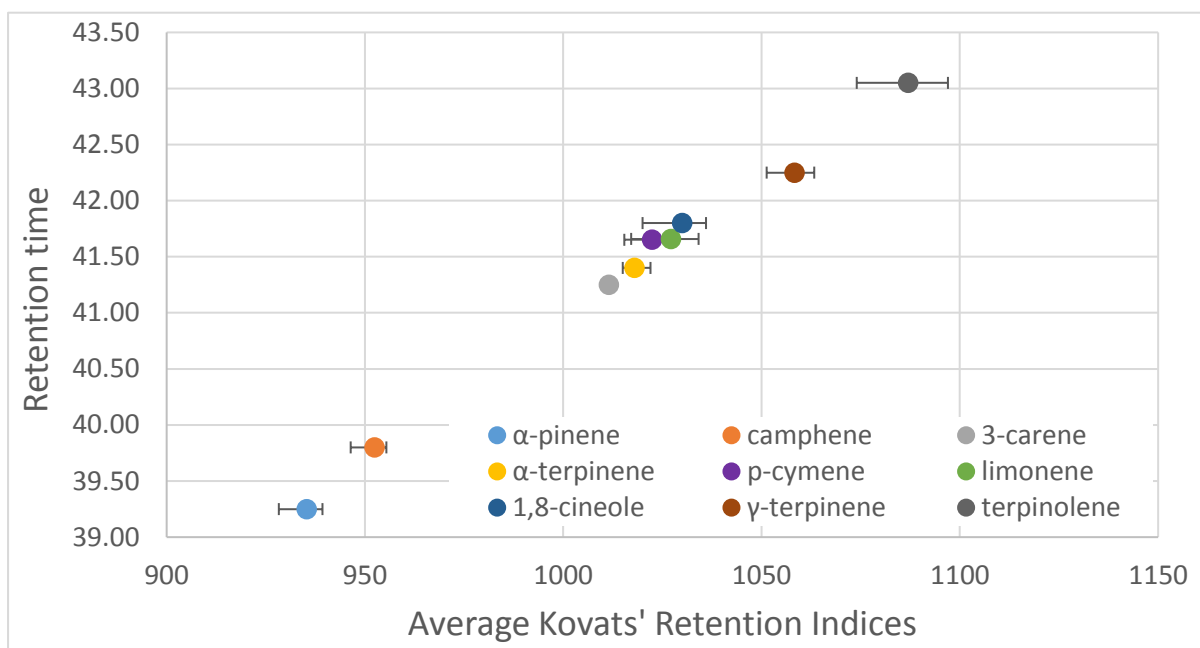


Figure S2: The average Kovats' Retention Indices on a non-polar column, using a custom temperature program for reference publications 1-8 (Adams, 1998; Araujo et al., 2003; de Marchese et al., 2007; Dwivedi et al., 2004; Frizzo et al., 2001; Novak et al., 2001; Riu-Aumatell et al., 2004; Tuberoso et al., 2005). Error bars cover the range from minimum to maximum for the Kovats' Retention Index values.

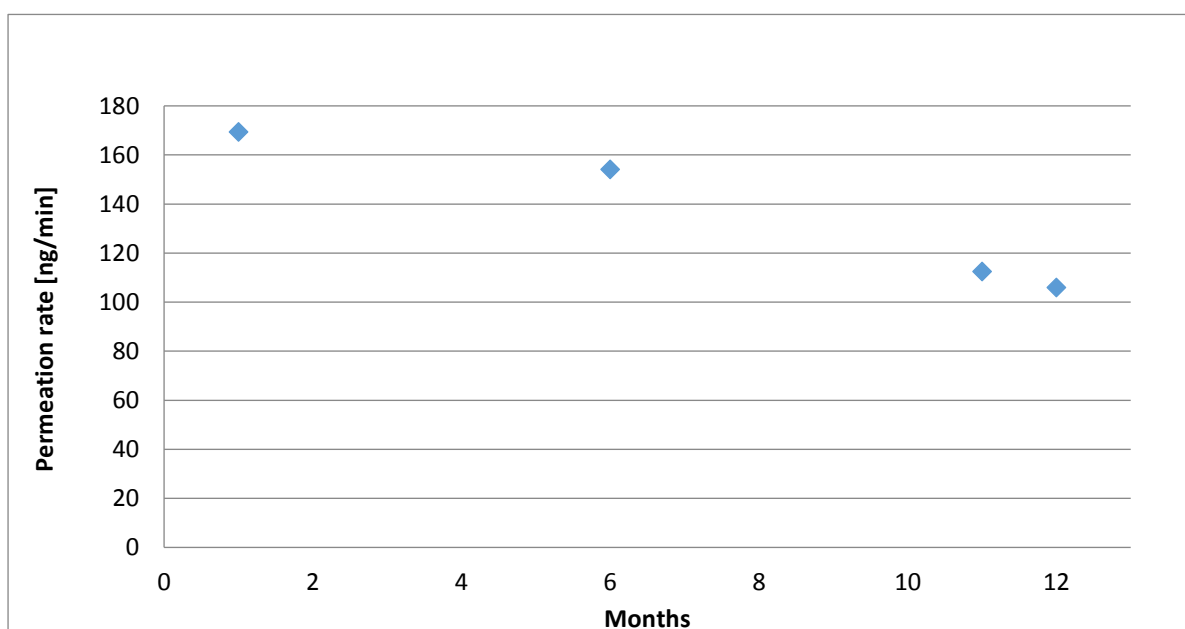


Figure S3: The permeation rate of limonene measured in the magnetic suspension balance over an 11 month period at 30°C with a nitrogen flow of 0.17 l/min.

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