Supplement of Atmos. Meas. Tech., 14, 1673–1687, 2021 https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-14-1673-2021-supplement © Author(s) 2021. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.





Supplement of

Verification of the Atmospheric Infrared Sounder (AIRS) and the Microwave Limb Sounder (MLS) ozone algorithms based on retrieved daytime and night-time ozone

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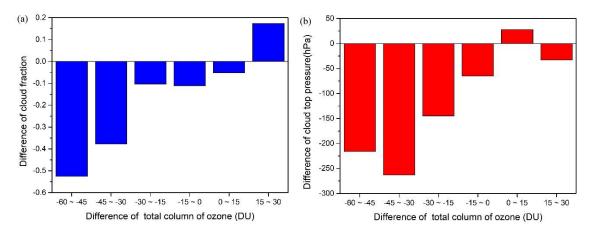


Figure S1. (a) Average day/night difference of cloud fraction as function of difference of total column of ozone. (b) Average day/night difference of cloud top pressure as function of difference of total column of ozone. We select AIRS L2 daily observations over a part of Pacific Ocean near the South America [20 \S,100 \W,10 \S,90 \W] when there are persistent clouds day and night in 2018.

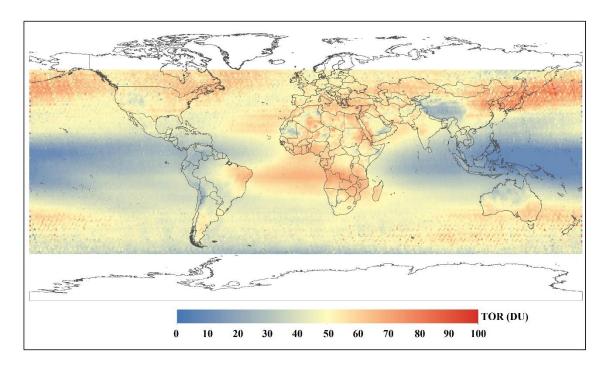


Figure S2. Daytime tropospheric ozone residuals (TOR) averaged for 2005-2018 in 60 S-60 N. The TOR is calculated as AIRS TCO – MLS SCO.

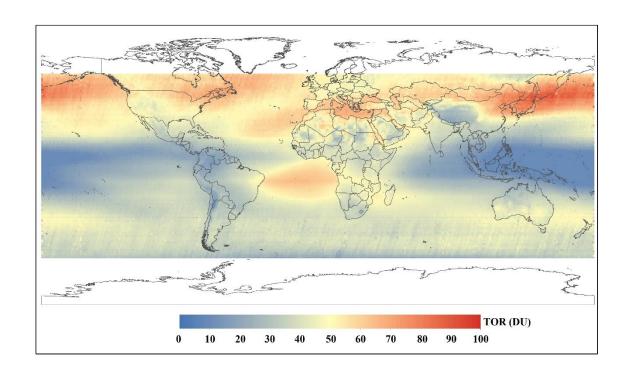


Figure S3. Same as Figure S2, but for nighttime.

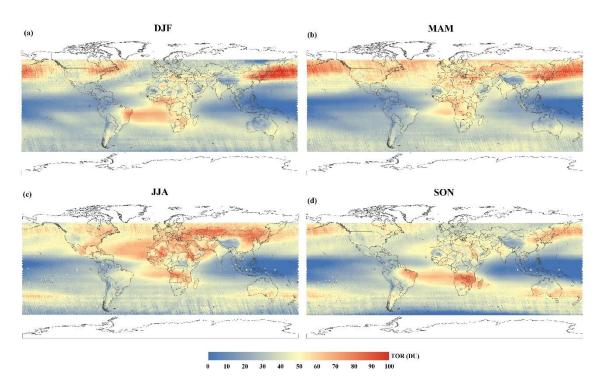


Figure S4. Seasonal daytime TOR averaged for 2005-2018 in 60 S-60 N. (a) DJF. (b) MAM. (c) JJA. (d) SON.

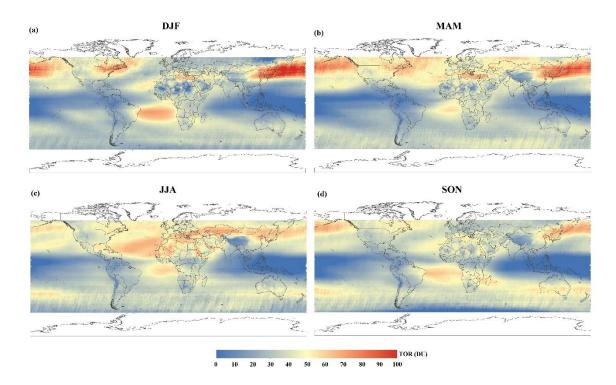


Figure S5. Same as Figure S4, but for nighttime.