



Supplement of

Rolling vs. *seasonal* PMF: real-world multi-site and synthetic dataset comparison

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Supplementary Information

Section 1: Synthetic dataset creation

The synthetic dataset mimics OA mass spectral analyses of a ToF-ACSM in Zurich. We used source-specific OA mass spectra retrieved from the AMS Spectral database (Ulbrich et al., 2009) and OA source concentration time series generated by the air quality model CAMx (Comprehensive Air Quality Model with Extensions) previously published by Jiang et al. (2019). The represented OA sources are HOA, BBOA, SOA from biogenic emissions (SOAbio), SOA from biomass burning (SOAbb) and SOA from traffic and other anthropogenic sources (SOAtr). Reference profiles selected were: HOA and BBOA from Crippa et al., (2013), SOAtr from Sage et al., (2008), SOAbio represented by a spectrum from Daellenbach et al. 2017 (summer-OOA), and SOAbb represented by a spectrum from Daellenbach et al. 2017 (summer-OOA), were calculated by multiplying the OA sources' mass spectra (normalised to 1) obtained from the AMS Spectral Database (Ulbrich et al., 2009) with its concentration time series of each from the CAMx Model and summing the five matrices up. The result is the mass spectral data matrix (Idiff). We assume that the ToF-ACSM detects 200 ions/s per $\mu g/m^3$ OA which allows for computing ion counts at a single organic m/z.

The error matrix was computed following the same steps as for real-world data. Since the OA measurements are computed as the difference between analyses of air+particle (Iopen) and air (Iclosed), these measurements are the basis of the uncertainty estimates. We assume that baseline spectrum (Ibaseline), and the intensity of closed spectrum (Iclosed) are constant over time, 1 hour long timestamps and airbeam correction constant and equal to 1.

The error related to Iclosed is described as:

$$e_{closed,ij} = \sqrt{(I_{closed,ij} + I_{baseline,ij}) \cdot \frac{t_{closed}}{\sqrt{28}}}$$
(2)

The error related to Iopen is described as:

$$e_{open,ij} = \sqrt{(I_{open,ij} + I_{baseline,ij}) \cdot \frac{t_{open}}{\sqrt{28}}}$$
(3)

With

$$t_{open} = t_{closed} = 90 \cdot 18 \, (s) \tag{4}$$

and

$$I_{open} = I_{closed} + I_{diff} \tag{5}$$

Sorry

Thus the error related to Idiff is:

$$e_{ij} = max \left(1.2 \cdot \frac{1}{90 \cdot 18} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{28}{m/z}} \cdot \sqrt{e_{open,ij}^2 + e_{closed,ij}^2} \right) (ions/s)$$
(6)

$$e_{ij}(\mu g/m3)) = \frac{1}{200 (ions/s/\mu g/m3)} \cdot e_{ij}(ions/s)$$
(7)

Section 2: Figures and Tables.

Site	PMF m/z spectra	Publication	Rolling window	CE	Reference profiles	Pieber effect
BCN-PR	12-120 (92)	(Via et al., 2021)	14	fPhase	HOA, COA: Crippa et al., 2013 BBOA: Ng et al., 2010	No
CAO- AMX	13-100 (72)	-	14	0.5	HOA: Crippa MEGAPOLI BBOA: derived from this study.	No
DUB	16-100 (72)	Lin et al., (in prep)	14	1	HOA: Crippa et al., 2013 Peat, Wood, Coal: Lin et al., 2017	No
ATOLL	13-100 (72)	Chebaicheb et al., (in prep.)	14	fPhase	HOA, BBOA before seasonal bootstrap: Crippa et al. 2013 HOA, BBOA final solution: winter seasonal results	No

Table S1. Multi-site assessment dataset characteristics.

MGD	16-100 (70)	(Chen et al., 2021)	14	0.45	HOA before bootstrap: Crippa et al., 2013 HOA, BBOA final solution: seasonal winter solution	No
INO	13-120 (92)	Vasilescu et al., (in prep.)	14	0.5	HOA: Marmureanu et al., 2020; Vasilescu et al., (in prep.) BBOA: Ng et al., 2011	No
MRS- LCP	12-214 (185)	Chazeau et al., (in prep.)	14	fPhase	HOA: Ng et al, 2011 COA: Crippa et al., 2013 Sh-IndOA: SO2 TS from MRS- LCP site	Yes
SIR	13-100	(Zhang et al., 2019)	28	0.5	HOA: Crippa et al., 2013 BBOA: Frohlich et al., 2015	No
TAR	12-100 (73)	-	28	fPhase	HOA: Crippa et al., 2013 BBOA: seasonal winter solution	No

Table S2. Ancillary instrumentation at each site used for source apportionment.

Site	Measurement	Instrumentation
BCN-PR	NO _x	Thermo Scientific, Model 43i
CAO-AMX	NO _x	Ecotech 9841T

DUB	NO _x	https://aqicn.org/city/ireland/rathmines/
ATOLL	NO _x	Not available.
MGD	NO _x	https://aqicn.org/city/switzerland/magadino- cadenazzo/
INO	NO _x	Thermo Scientific model 42i
MRS-LCP	NO _x	NOx analyser model 200E (Teledyne)
	SO ₂	SO2 analyser model 100E (Teledyne)
	UFP number	UFP monitor 3031 (TSI)
	Particle Size Distribution	MPSS (GRIMM)
SIR	NOx	T200UP Teledyne
TAR	NOx	Horiba APNA-360
	PM _{2.5} and PM ₁₀	MetOne BAM1020

Table S3. (a) Reference profiles and a-random ranges used in PMF running of the synthetic dataset. (b) Criteria and thresholds for run selection in the synthetic dataset.

(a)	Reference	Minimum a	Maximum a-	a-value step		
	prome	varue	varue	Rolling	Seasonal	
НОА	(Crippa et al., 2013)	0.1	0.2	0.05	0.05	
BBOA	(Ng et al., 2011)	0.1	0.3	0.05	0.05	

(b)	Criteria	Threshold	
		Seasonal	Rolling
НОА	Diel Squared-Pearson correlation with EC.	R ² >0.35 and p<0.05	R^{2} >0.50 and p<0.05
НОА	Diel Squared-Pearson correlation with NO ₂ .	R ² >0.2 and p<0.05	R^{2} >0.4 and p<0.05
BBOA	Explained variation of f60.	>0.20	>0.20
BBOA	Ratio of time series factor variable 60 and 44.	>0.30	>0.30
LO-OOA	Profile f43 (for differentiation).	All	>0.02
MO-OOA	Profile f44 (for differentiation).	All	>0.02

Table S4. Squared Pearson correlation coefficient and orthogonal distance fit slopes and intercepts for the OA vs. apportioned OA comparison. In columns, the period along which these calculations are performed and averaged and the two SA methods on trial, *rolling* (R) and *seasonal* (S).

Site	Resolutio	Rolling		Seasonal				
	n	R ²	ODR fit	R ²	ODR fit			
BCN- PR	Period	0.97	0.99x-0.04	0.97	1.00x-0.05			
	Season	1.00	1.00-0.08	0.87	0.92x+0.035			
	Fortnight	1.00	0.98+0.02	0.98	1.00x-0.01			
	Day	1.00	0.99x-0.02	0.99	1.00x-0.05			
CAO- AMX	AO- MX Period 0.99		0.97x+0.14	0.99	0.96x+0.010			
	Season	0.95	1.09x-0.24	1.00	0.97+0.05			

	Fortnight	0.98	0.99x+0.08	0.97	1.02+0.07
	Day	0.99	0.97x+0.13	1.00	0.95x+0.08
DUB	Period	1.00	1.00x-0.01	1.00	0.99x+0.01
	Season	1.00	1.00x-0.02	1.00	1.01x-0.04
	Fortnight	1.00	1.00x-0.00	1.00	1.00x-0.00
	Day	1.00	0.99x-0.00	1.00	0.99+0.01
ATO LL	Period	0.99	1.00x+0.02	0.98	1.00x-0.02
	Season	1.00	1.00x-0.01	1.00	1.00x-0.00
	Fortnight	1.00	1.00x-0.02	1.00	1.00x-0.05
	Day	1.00	1.00x-0.02	1.00	1.00x-0.04
MGD	Period	0.99	1.00x+0.02	0.98	1.00-0.00
	Season	1.00	1.00x+0.02	0.99	1.01x-0.15
	Fortnight	1.00	1.00x-0.00	0.99	1.01x-0.12
	Day	1.00	1.00x-0.02	1.00	1.01x-0.06
INO	Period	0.88	1.07x-0.77	0.98	1.09x-1.14
	Season	1.00	0.99x+0.15	0.97	0.98x+0.15
	Fortnight	1.00	1.00x+0.58	0.97	1.07x-0.58
	Day	0.99	1.04x-0.50	0.98	1.06x+0.92
MRS- LCP	Period	1.00	1.00x-0.03	0.99	1.03x+0.16
	Season	1.00	1.00x-0.01	1.00	0.97x+0.10
	Fortnight	1.00	1.00x-0.04	1.00	1.01x-0.02
	Day	0.99	1.01x+0.03	0.99	1.02x-0.05

SIR	Period	1.00	0.95x+0.05	0.96	0.95x+0.02
	Season	1.00	0.93x+0.15	1.00	0.94x+0.15
	Fortnight	1.00	0.94x+0.08	1.00	0.95x+0.04
	Day	1.00	0.95x+0.05	0.99	0.96x+0.00
TAR	Period	1.00	0.92x+0.05	1.00	0.92x+0.05
	Season	1.00	0.92x+0.04	1.00	0.93x+0.01
	Fortnight	1.00	0.93x+0.02	1.00	0.93x+0.00
	Day	1.00	0.93x+0.03	1.00	0.93x+0.02
SYN	Period	1.00	1.14x-0.08	1.00	1.14x-0.07
	Season	1.00	1.15x-0.12	1.00	1.14x-0.12
	Fortnight	1.00	1.14x-0.08	1.00	1.14x-0.08
	Day	1.00	1.36x-0.07	1.00	1.36x-0.07



Figure S1. Histogram of the difference of *rolling* minus *seasonal* of the Pearson-squared correlation coefficient of the synthetic OA factors and their potential markers.



Figure S2. Scatterplots of m/z60-to-m/z55 ratio vs. m/z44-to-m/z43 ratio for the three basic factors in the synthetic dataset for each season.



Figure S3. Scaled residuals distribution (a) for the whole period and 90-days, 14-days and 1-day resolutions. (b) transition periods. Number of bins is 50 in all cases.

Table S5. Welch's t-test rejections (marked with a bullet-dot) over the p<0.05 threshold value for all sites, factors and time spans (P: period; S: season; F: fortnight; D: day). Note that for 'other POA' the 'ALL' site does not show information, as they are shown at their respective sites. Hyphens and slashes flag those cells which have no representation in one site (this is, that site does not have this factor) and those which have more than one factor in a cell, respectively.

Welc h's t- test	нс	DA			BBOA			Other POA			LO-OOA			МО-ООА			OOA			OA								
	Р	s	F	D	Р	s	F	D	Р	s	F	D	Р	s	F	D	Р	s	F	D	Р	S	F	D	Р	s	F	D
BCN- PR	*	*	*			*			*	*	*	*	*				*				*							
CAO- AMX	*	*			*	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	*	*	÷	*	*	*	*	*	*					*	*	*
DUB					-	-	-	-	//	//	//	//	*	*			*											
ATOL L	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	*		*		*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	





Figure S4. Boxplots of relative error *rolling* minus *seasonal*, i.e., the difference between methods divided by the mean of the concentrations between *seasonal* and *rolling*.



Figure S5. Pie plots for *rolling* and *seasonal* source apportionment solutions for each site. The factor acronyms correspond to: Hydrocarbon-like OA (HOA), Biomass Burning OA (BBOA), Less Oxidised Oxygenated OA (LO-OOA), More Oxidised Oxygenated OA (MO-OOA), Cooking-like OA (COA), Peat Combustion OA (PCOA), Coal Combustion OA (CCOA), Wood Combustion OA (WCOA), 58-related OA (58-OA) and Shipping + Industry OA (SHINDOA).



Figure S6. Boxplots of *rolling* minus *seasonal* factor concentrations per month and hour of the factors which are not present in all sites. Boxes show the Q1-to-Q3 range and the median, and whiskers extend up to the range of the data and round markers show the means.





Figure S7. Kernel density estimation of difference between rolling and seasonal R² to correlated measurements.

Table S6. Pearson correlation coefficients between factors and co-located measurements for the *rolling* and *seasonal* during transition periods from one season to the following in each site and as a whole. Whole refers to the correlation between factors and markers of the concatenated time series of all sites.

R ² in transition periods	HOA vs	. BC _{ff}	HOA vs	. NO _x	BBOA	vs. BC _{wb}	MO-OO SO4 ²⁻	A vs.	OOA vs. NH4 ⁺		
	R	S	R	S R S		S	R	S	R	S	
BCN-PR	0.75	0.76	0.62	0.63	0.13	0.05	0.31	0.27	0.59	0.62	
CAO-AMX	0.21	0.14	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.26	0.49	0.56	0.52	0.52	
DUB	0.88	0.86	0.36	0.35	-	-	0.4	0.24	0.66	0.58	
ATOLL	0.47	0.52	-	-	0.18	0.17	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00	
MAG	0.32	0.30	0.42	0.43	0.86	0.84	0.43	0.50	0.48	0.48	
INO	0.12	0.08	0.24	0.12	0.65	0.57	0.21	0.17	0.61	0.40	

MRS-LCP	0.54	0.54	0.56	0.54	0.88	0.54	0.3	0.12	0.57	0.61
SIRTA	0.44	0.43	0.48	0.43	0.68	0.74	0.48	0.25	0.56	0.50
TAR	0.27	0.25	0.31	0.31	0.73	0.74	0.12	0.27	0.21	0.15
Whole	0.49	0.47	0.25	0.15	0.49	0.51	0.26	0.27	0.44	0.39



Figure S8. Scaled residuals histograms for all sites.



Figure S9. Kernel density estimation of scaled residuals of the *rolling* and *seasonal* solution in the transition periods between seasons where (b) represents a zoom of figure (a).













Figure S10. Time series of the *m/z44*-to-*m/z43* ratios for raw time series and SOA profiles for all the sites.

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