



Supplement of

A new smog chamber system for atmospheric multiphase chemistry study: design and characterization

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			Thermo Se	cientific		TSI					
Instrument	Model 43i-TLE Model 42i-TL		Model 49i	Model 48i- TLE	Picar	ro Inc.	GC-MS (Summa Canister)	CPC3772	Sensor ii	ı Chamber	
Species	SO ₂	NO ₂	NO	O ₃	СО	CO ₂	CH ₄	NMHC	Particles	Т	RH
Indoor air	~1 ppb	~3 ppb	~6 ppb	1~2 ppb	~500 ppb	~550 ppm	~2.5 ppm	111.79 ppb	$\sim 3 \sim 6 * 10^3 \text{ # cm}^{-3}$	~25 °C	~30%~50%
Chamber_dry zero air	<1 ppb	<0.5 ppb	<0.5 ppb	<2 ppb	<50 ppb	~27 ppm	Below instrument	43.5 ppb	$<0.5 \text{# cm}^{-3}$	~25 °C	1~2%
Chamber_wet zero air_80%RH	<1 ppb	<0.5 ppb	<0.5 ppb	Below instrument detection limit	<50 ppb	~26 ppm	detection limit	35.448 ppb	$<2 \text{# cm}^{-3}$	~25 °C	> 80%
24m ³ Teflon (White et al., 2018)		<0.5 ppb	<0.5 ppb					<17 ppb	<10 # cm-3		
7m ³ Teflon (Bin Babar et al., 2016)		<1 ppb	<1 ppb	<1 ppb					<10 # cm-3		
30m ³ Teflon (Wang et al., 2014)		<1 ppb	<1 ppb	<1 ppb				<5 ppb	$\sim 0 \# cm^{-3}$		
12m ³ Teflon (Platt et al., 2013)						~35 ppm			<0.1 # cm-3		
90m ³ Teflon (Carter et al., 2005)		<5 ppb	<5 ppb		<50 ppb						
30m ³ Teflon (Chen et al., 2019)	<1 ppb			<1 ppb							

Table S1. Comparison of the background species concentration in this chamber system with that in other chambers

Table S2. The cleaning efficiency of common gas species and particles in this chamber system

			Thermo Scie	TSI	Songorin			
Instrument	Model	Model 42i-TL		Model 49i	Model 48i-	CPC3772	Chamber	
	43i-TLE				TLE			
Species	SO ₂	NO ₂	NO	O ₃	CO	Particles	Т	RH
Initial Abundance	151.4ppb	125ppb	1621ppb	86.1ppb	4600ppb	$6*10^{3}$ #·cm ⁻³	~25°C	~99%
After Cleaning_5 times of Volume	<1ppb	<0.5ppb	6.94ppb	<2ppb	291ppb	$<0.5 \# \cdot \mathrm{cm}^{^{-3}}$	~25°C	1~2%
Background_Dry	<1ppb	<0.5ppb	<0.5ppb	<2ppb	<50ppb	$<0.5 \ \# \cdot \text{cm}^{-3}$	~25°C	1~2%
Cleaning Efficiency	~100%	~100%	99.60%	~100%	94.70%	~100%	/	~100%
Volume for Completely Cleaning	9999 L	9999 L	9999+5000 L	9999 L	9999+4500 L	9999 L	/	9999 L

Light Scheme	$J_H_2O_2$	J_HCHO_M	J_HCHO_R	J_HONO	J_NO ₂	J_NO ₃ _M	J_NO ₃ _R	J_O(¹ D)
Dark (0*)	-3.26×10 ⁻⁸	-9.48×10 ⁻⁸	-1.29×10 ⁻⁷	-1.53×10 ⁻⁶	-7.29×10 ⁻⁶	-8.63×10 ⁻⁶	-5.84×10 ⁻⁵	-1.11×10 ⁻⁶
all (40*)	7.62×10 ⁻⁷	3.63×10 ⁻⁷	1.71×10 ⁻⁷	9.71×10 ⁻⁴	4.10×10 ⁻³	-1.06×10 ⁻⁵	-3.27×10 ⁻⁵	4.16×10 ⁻⁷
only back/top (20*)	3.93×10 ⁻⁷	1.85×10 ⁻⁷	7.94×10 ⁻⁸	5.03×10 ⁻⁴	2.13×10 ⁻³	-5.39×10 ⁻⁶	-1.74×10 ⁻⁵	9.11×10 ⁻⁸
only left (10*)	2.49×10 ⁻⁷	1.24×10 ⁻⁷	6.92×10 ⁻⁸	3.08×10 ⁻⁴	1.29×10 ⁻³	-3.51×10 ⁻⁶	-1.36×10 ⁻⁵	4.14×10 ⁻⁷
only right (10*)	1.61×10 ⁻⁷	7.02×10 ⁻⁸	1.79×10 ⁻⁸	2.04×10 ⁻⁴	8.60×10 ⁻⁴	-3.27×10 ⁻⁶	-1.17×10 ⁻⁵	1.62×10 ⁻⁷
left and right (20*)	4.14×10 ⁻⁷	2.07×10 ⁻⁷	1.12×10 ⁻⁷	5.18×10 ⁻⁴	2.19×10 ⁻³	-5.81×10 ⁻⁶	-2.10×10 ⁻⁵	5.10×10 ⁻⁷
odd (20*)	4.16×10 ⁻⁷	2.04×10 ⁻⁷	1.15×10 ⁻⁷	5.24×10 ⁻⁴	2.21×10 ⁻³	-5.73×10 ⁻⁶	-1.80×10 ⁻⁵	4.02×10 ⁻⁷
even (20*)	3.90 ×10 ⁻⁷	1.88×10 ⁻⁷	7.56×10 ⁻⁸	4.98×10 ⁻⁴	2.10×10 ⁻³	-5.25×10 ⁻⁶	-1.65×10 ⁻⁵	1.23×10 ⁻⁷

Table S3. Photolysis rate constants (s^{-1}) of some species under different light schemes (have been corrected according to the J_NO₂ value calculated by NOx and O₃ steady-state concentration)

* represents the number of lights.

RH_set [%]	Tempset [°C]	Temp. [°C]	RH [%]
80	10	$10.04\pm0.05~^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	82.76 ± 0.46 %
80	20	$20.00\pm0.09~^\circ\mathrm{C}$	81.25 ± 0.39 %
80	30	30.14 ± 0.15 °C	81.50 ± 0.74 %

Table S4. Stability of temperature and RH control in this chamber system

Table S5. Comparison of the temperature control accuracy of this chamber system with that in other chamber studies

Parameters	Temp. Range [°C]	Temp. Accuracy [°C]	Volume [m ³]
This Study	2.5 ~ 31	$\leq \pm 0.15$	2
(Wang et al., 2014)	-10 ~ 40	± 1	30
(Wu et al., 2007)	/	± 0.2	2
(Bin Babar et al., 2016)	18 ~ 33	± 0.5	7
(Ma et al., 2022)	15~30	± 1	10
(Wang et al., 2015)	-10 ~ 40	± 0.5	5

Species	RH<5%	RH>80%	Wall Loss Rate Constant (10 ⁻⁴ min ⁻¹)_dry [Volume (Reference)]
NO ₂ –Fans Off	1.98±0.74	/	0.42 [2m ³ Teflon; (Wu et al., 2007)];
NO ₂	1.76±0.41	5.21±0.52	4~20 [5m ³ Teflon; (Wang et al., 2015)]; 1.6 [3m ³ Teflon; (Li et al., 2017)];
SO ₂ _Fans Off	2.24±0.91	/	
SO ₂	9.32±1.81	/	
NO_Fans Off	3.55±1.32	/	0.38 [2m ³ Teflon; (Wu et al., 2007)];
NO	10.40±1.67	11.65±1.68	3.0~3.1 [5m ³ Teflon; (Wang et al., 2015)];
CO_Fans Off	1.97±1.55	/	
CO	5.10±1.58	8.05±1.72	
O ₃ _Fans Off	2.48±1.55	/	6.1 [2m ³ Teflon; (Wu et al., 2007)];
0,	3.39±0.48	7.68±0.68	3.3 [2m ³ Teflon; (Bernard et al., 2016)]; 8.99 [3m ³ Teflon; (Li et al., 2017)];

Table S6. Comparison of wall loss rate constants of common gaseous pollutants in this study with that in other chambers

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	RH [%]	Temp. [°C]	Total volume wall loss constant $[10^{-3} \text{ min}^{-1}]$
	< 5	20±0.1	$4.96{\pm}0.57$
	30	20±0.1	5.05±0.11
	60	20±0.1	4.97±0.71
	90	20±0.1	3.71±0.34

Table S7. Total particle volume wall loss rate constants under different RHs in this study

Table S8. Summary of experimental conditions and results for α-pinene ozonolysis experiments

			m [17]	Initial VOC	Initial O3	Δmo	GO 4 17 11
Exp	Exp Exp Condition		Temp. [K]	[ppb]	[ppb]	[µg/m3]	SOA Yield
1	No Seeds	<5	293.15±0.1	61.17	248	137.69	0.406
2	No Seeds	<5	293.15±0.1	31.5	414	7.939	0.045
3	No Seeds	<5	293.15±0.1	41.6693	255	75.046	0.327
4	No Seeds	<5	293.15±0.1	41.275	152.7	60.57	0.276
5	No Seeds	<5	293.15±0.1	73.861	73.4	64.958	0.289
6	Solid Seeds	<5	293.15±0.1	61.635	324	112.782	0.329
7	Metastable Seeds	~60	293.15±0.1	68.8524	298	83.769	0.262
8	Liquid Seeds	~80	293.15±0.1	70.2095	309	84.215	0.216

α1	α2	K1	K2	Reference
0.62479	0.0326791	0.0121589	0.0121596	This Study
0.4626	0.04287	0.0134	0.01124	(Ma et al., 2022)
0.200563	0.13575	1.0024	0.001	(Bin Babar et al., 2016) (<i>Fitting in this study</i>)
0.189	0.486	0.0958	0.0022	(Wang et al., 2014)
0.11	0.29	0.40	0.004	(Wang et al., 2011)
0.239	0.169	0.042	0.001	(Cocker Iii et al., 2001)

Table S9. Comparison of the fitting parameters of SOA two-product model for seed-absent experiments in this study with that in other chamber studies



Figure S1. Pictures of this AIR Teflon chamber (reactor and its enclosure)







Figure S3. Pictures of the shrinked volumes with the amount of gas lost



Figure S4. Interference test of lights and fans working on the background particle number

concentration



Figure S5. Mixing performance of gases and particles



Figure S6. Radiation spectral distribution characteristics of the current artificial lights



Figure S7. Control performance for RH cycle change in this chamber system



Figure S8. Wall loss rate constants of ammonium sulfates particles under different RH as a

function of particle size



Figure S9. Diagram of the pre-RH-control device for seed particles



Figure S10. Diagram of the coating device for seed particles



Figure S11. Example data from an α -pinene ozonolysis experiment (deliquescent ammonium

sulfate seeds, 80% RH)

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