Interactive comment on "Using sonic anemometer temperature to measure sensible heat flux in strong winds" by S. P. Burns et al.

Additional Plots Requested by Referee #3

S. P. Burns et al.

sean@ucar.edu

Date: July 30, 2012

Referee #3 asked that the following two figures be posted to the discussion page. The scatter plots are from a 30-min nighttime period shown in Fig. 1 of the manuscript when the heat flux from the CSAT was positive and the thermocouple heat flux was negative. As expected, $T'_{\rm tc}$ and w' (Fig. R1) has dominance in the second and fourth quadrants (producing a negative heat flux) whereas $T'_{\rm s}$ and w' (Fig. R2) is dominated by the first and third quadrants (producing a positive heat flux).



Figure R1: T'/σ_T versus w'/σ_w where T is the (far) thermocouple temperature. Note that the far thermocouple sample rate is 1-Hz so 10-Hz w' is down-sampled to 1-Hz by picking-off the nearest 10-Hz w' samples. The red line is a linear fit of these data.



Figure R2: T'/σ_T versus w'/σ_w where T is the sonic temperature. The red line is a linear fit of these data.