

Methanol-derived HO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH	8.6×10 <sup>-12</sup>

Methane-derived HO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
CH <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → CH <sub>3</sub> O	7.7×10 <sup>-12</sup>
CH <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	7.7×10 <sup>-15</sup>
CH <sub>3</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	1.9×10 <sup>-15</sup>
CH <sub>3</sub> O + NO → Loss	1.7×10 <sup>-11</sup>
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH	8.6×10 <sup>-12</sup>

Propane-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions<sup>1</sup>

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → <i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O	8.7×10 <sup>-12</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → <i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O	9.2×10 <sup>-12</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	3.8×10 <sup>-13</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	1.9×10 <sup>-13</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	6.9×10 <sup>-15</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	1.1×10 <sup>-14</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O + NO → Loss	3.3×10 <sup>-11</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> O + NO → Loss	3.3×10 <sup>-11</sup>
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH	8.6×10 <sup>-12</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Ratio of [*n*-C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>O<sub>2</sub>] and [*i*-C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>7</sub>O<sub>2</sub>] determined from branching ratio of the reaction RH + OH in MCMv3.2,

*n*-Butane-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions<sup>1</sup>

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → <i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O	8.7×10 <sup>-12</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	3.0×10 <sup>-13</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	1.4×10 <sup>-14</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → (HO)C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	1.9×10 <sup>5†</sup>
<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O + NO → Loss	3.3×10 <sup>-11</sup>
(HO)C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → (HO)C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O	8.9×10 <sup>-12</sup>
(HO)C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	1.2×10 <sup>-13</sup>
(HO)C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>8</sub> O → HO <sub>2</sub>	8.8×10 <sup>6</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → <i>i</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O	8.2×10 <sup>-12</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	8.1×10 <sup>-13</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	7.7×10 <sup>-15</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O + NO → Loss	3.3×10 <sup>-11</sup>
<i>i</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> O → C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	4.6×10 <sup>5†</sup>
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O	9.1×10 <sup>-12</sup>
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	8.2×10 <sup>-14</sup>
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	8.1×10 <sup>-15</sup>
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O + NO → Loss	3.3×10 <sup>-11</sup>

$\text{HO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{OH}$	$8.6 \times 10^{-12}$
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<sup>1</sup> Ratio of [*n*-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>O<sub>2</sub>] and [*i*-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>O<sub>2</sub>] determined from branching ratio of the reaction RH + OH in MCMv3.2, † Rate coefficient for isomerisation at 298 K

#### Cyclohexane-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions<sup>1</sup>

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
CHEXO <sub>2</sub> + NO → CHEXO	$8.3 \times 10^{-12}$
CHEXO <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$7.1 \times 10^{-13}$
CHEXO + O <sub>2</sub> → CO1C6O <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup>	$6.3 \times 10^{4†}$
CHEXO + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	$9.1 \times 10^{-15}$
CHEXO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
CO1C6O <sub>2</sub> + NO → CO1C6O <sup>*</sup>	$8.3 \times 10^{-12}$
CO1C6O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss <sup>*</sup>	$7.1 \times 10^{-13}$
CO1C6O → CO1H63O <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup>	$1.0 \times 10^6$
CO1C6O + NO → Loss <sup>*</sup>	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
CO1H63O <sub>2</sub> + NO → CO1H63O <sup>*</sup>	$8.3 \times 10^{-12}$
CO1H63O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss <sup>*</sup>	$7.1 \times 10^{-13}$
CO1H63O → HO <sub>2</sub> <sup>*</sup>	$1.0 \times 10^6$
CO1H63O + NO → Loss <sup>*</sup>	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH <sup>*</sup>	$8.6 \times 10^{-12}$

<sup>\*</sup> Reactions assuming ring-opening occurs, † Rate coefficient for ring opening at 298 K

#### *n*-Pentane-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions<sup>1</sup>

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
PECO <sub>2</sub> + NO → PECO	$7.5 \times 10^{-12}$
PECO <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$1.1 \times 10^{-12}$
PECO + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	$7.3 \times 10^{-15}$
PECO + O <sub>2</sub> → C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>	$2.6 \times 10^{4†}$
PECO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O	$9.1 \times 10^{-12}$
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$8.2 \times 10^{-14}$
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	$8.1 \times 10^{-15}$
PEBO <sub>2</sub> + NO → PEBO	$7.5 \times 10^{-12}$
PEBO <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$1.1 \times 10^{-12}$
PEBO + O <sub>2</sub> → HO2C5O <sub>2</sub>	$1.8 \times 10^{5†}$
PEBO + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	$9.1 \times 10^{-15}$
PEBO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
HO2C5O <sub>2</sub> + NO → HO2C5O	$8.4 \times 10^{-12}$
HO2C5O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$1.8 \times 10^{-13}$
HO2C5O → HO <sub>2</sub>	$2.0 \times 10^7$
HO2C5O + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
PEAO <sub>2</sub> + NO → PEAO	$8.2 \times 10^{-12}$
PEAO <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$4.5 \times 10^{-13}$
PEAO + O <sub>2</sub> → HO1C5O <sub>2</sub>	$1.8 \times 10^{6†}$
PEAO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
HO1C5O <sub>2</sub> + NO → HO1C5O	$8.2 \times 10^{-12}$

HO1C5O2 + NO → Loss	$4.5 \times 10^{-13}$
HO1C5O → HO <sub>2</sub>	$7.8 \times 10^6$
HO1C5O + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH	$8.6 \times 10^{-12}$

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of [PEAO2], [PEBO2] and [PECO2] determined from branching ratio of the reaction RH + OH in MCMv3.2, <sup>†</sup> Rate coefficient for isomerisation at 298 K

#### Isoprene-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions<sup>1</sup>

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
ISOPAO2 + NO → ISOPAO	$7.7 \times 10^{-12}$
ISOPAO2 + NO → Loss	$8.6 \times 10^{-13}$
ISOPAO → HO <sub>2</sub>	$2.5 \times 10^5$
ISOPAO → C524O2	$7.5 \times 10^5$
ISOPAO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
C524O2 + NO → C524O	$7.5 \times 10^{-12}$
C524O2 + NO → Loss	$1.2 \times 10^{-12}$
C524O → HO <sub>2</sub>	$1.0 \times 10^6$
C524O + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
ISOPBO2 + NO → ISOPBO	$8.0 \times 10^{-12}$
ISOPBO2 + NO → Loss	$5.7 \times 10^{-13}$
ISOPBO → HO <sub>2</sub>	$1.0 \times 10^6$
ISOPBO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
ISOPCO2 + NO → ISOPCO	$7.7 \times 10^{-12}$
ISOPCO2 + NO → Loss	$8.6 \times 10^{-13}$
ISOPCO → HO <sub>2</sub>	$1.0 \times 10^6$
ISOPCO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
ISOPDO2 + NO → ISOPDO	$7.5 \times 10^{-12}$
ISOPDO2 + NO → Loss	$1.2 \times 10^{-12}$
ISOPDO → HO <sub>2</sub>	$1.0 \times 10^6$
ISOPDO + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH	$8.6 \times 10^{-12}$

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of [ISOPAO2], [ISOPBO2], [ISOPCO2] and [ISOPDO2] determined from branching ratio of the reaction RH + OH in MCMv3.2

#### Ethene-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions

Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O	$9.0 \times 10^{-12}$
HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub> + NO → Loss	$4.5 \times 10^{-14}$
HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	$9.1 \times 10^{-15}$
HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O → HCHO + CH <sub>2</sub> OH	$5.1 \times 10^{5 \dagger}$
HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> O + NO → Loss	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
CH <sub>2</sub> OH + O <sub>2</sub> → HO <sub>2</sub>	$1.0 \times 10^{-11}$
HO <sub>2</sub> + NO → OH	$8.6 \times 10^{-12}$

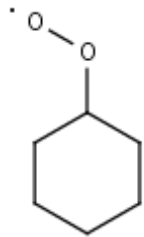
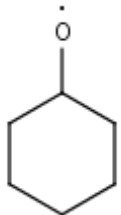
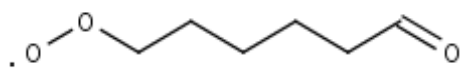
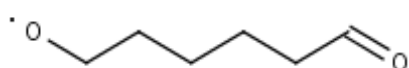
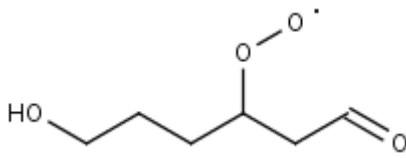
<sup>†</sup> Rate coefficient for decomposition at 298 K

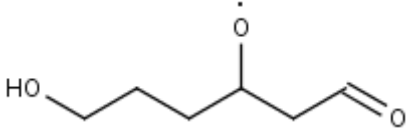
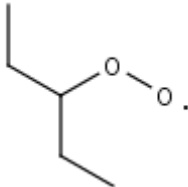
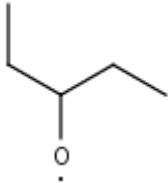
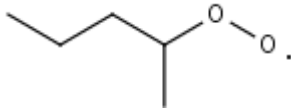
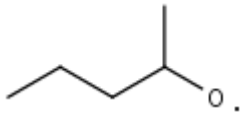
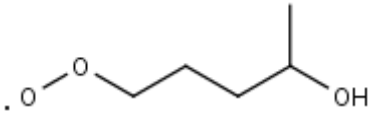
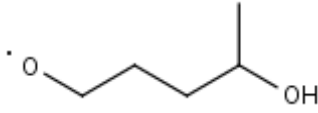
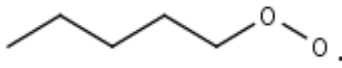
#### Toluene-derived RO<sub>2</sub> radical reactions<sup>1</sup>


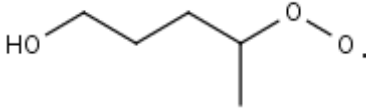
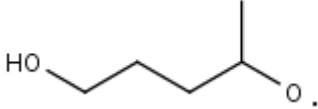
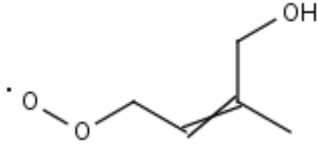
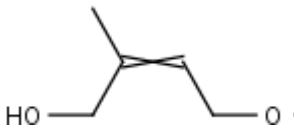
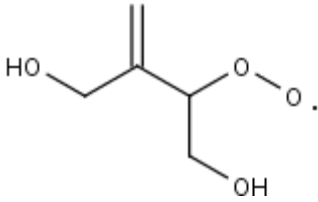
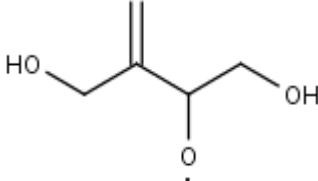
Reaction	Rate Coefficient / molecule <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
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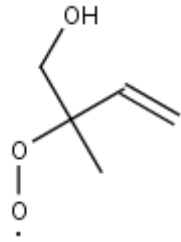
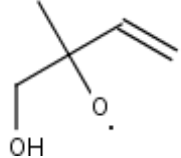
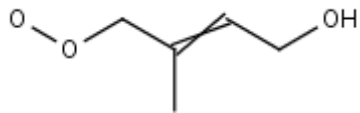

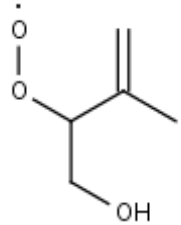
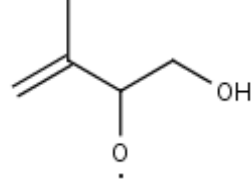
$C_6H_5CH_2O_2 + NO \rightarrow C_6H_5CH_2O$	$8.1 \times 10^{-12}$
$C_6H_5CH_2O_2 + NO \rightarrow \text{Loss}$	$9.5 \times 10^{-13}$
$C_6H_5CH_2O + O_2 \rightarrow HO_2$	$9.1 \times 10^{-15}$
$C_6H_5CH_2O + NO \rightarrow \text{Loss}$	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
$TLBIPERO_2 + NO \rightarrow TLBIPERO$	$8.0 \times 10^{-12}$
$TLBIPERO_2 + NO \rightarrow \text{Loss}$	$1.0 \times 10^{-12}$
$TLBIPERO \rightarrow HO_2$	$1.0 \times 10^6$
$TLBIPERO + NO \rightarrow \text{Loss}$	$3.3 \times 10^{-11}$
$HO_2 + NO \rightarrow OH$	$8.6 \times 10^{-12}$

<sup>1</sup>Ratio of  $[C_6H_5CH_2O_2]$ ,  $[HO_2]$  and  $[TLBIPERO_2]$  determined from branching ratio of the reaction  $RH + OH$  in MCMv3.2

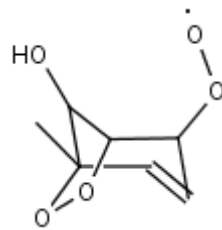
MCM species name	Structural formula
CHEXO2	
CHEXO	
CO1C6O2	
CO1C6O	
CO1H63O2	

CO1H630	 <p>Chemical structure of 6-hydroxyhexanal: A six-carbon chain with a hydroxyl group (HO) at the 6th position and an aldehyde group (CHO) at the 1st position.</p>
PECO2	 <p>Chemical structure of 2-ethylperoxypropane: A three-carbon chain with an ethyl group at the 2nd position and a peroxy group (O-O) at the 1st position.</p>
PECO	 <p>Chemical structure of 2-pentanone: A five-carbon chain with a ketone group (C=O) at the 2nd position.</p>
PEBO2	 <p>Chemical structure of 2-methylperoxybutane: A four-carbon chain with a methyl group at the 2nd position and a peroxy group (O-O) at the 1st position.</p>
PEBO	 <p>Chemical structure of 2-methylbutanoic acid: A four-carbon chain with a methyl group at the 2nd position and a carboxylic acid group (COOH) at the 1st position.</p>
HO2C5O2	 <p>Chemical structure of 2-methylperoxy-5-hydroxypentane: A five-carbon chain with a methyl group at the 2nd position, a peroxy group (O-O) at the 1st position, and a hydroxyl group (OH) at the 5th position.</p>
HO2C5O	 <p>Chemical structure of 2-methyl-5-hydroxypentanoic acid: A five-carbon chain with a methyl group at the 2nd position, a carboxylic acid group (COOH) at the 1st position, and a hydroxyl group (OH) at the 5th position.</p>
PEAO2	 <p>Chemical structure of 1-peroxyhexane: A six-carbon chain with a peroxy group (O-O) at the 1st position.</p>

PEAO	
HO1C5O2	
HO1C5O	
ISOPAO2	
ISOPAO	
C524O2	
C524O	

ISOPBO2	
ISOPBO	
ISOPCO2	
ISOPCO	
ISOPDO2	
ISOPDO	

TLBIPERO<sub>2</sub>



TLBIPERO

