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Interactive comment on "Simultaneous measurement of NO and NO₂ by dual-channel cavity ring down spectroscopy technique" by Renzhi Hu et al.

Anonymous Referee #2

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The paper describes a new instrument to measure NO and NO2 with high sensitivity and high time resolution for future applications on board of a vehicle. The technique is based on CRDS using a laser diode at 403 nm and contains two pathways: one measuring NO2 and the other measuring NOx after oxidation of NO to NO2 by addition of O3. The technique is not new and has already been applied before to NO and NO2 measurements with similar sensitivities and time resolution (Fuchs et al. 2009). The reliability of the instrument has been demonstrated by comparing NOx and NO2 measurements for several days with CL and CEAS instruments. A first demonstration of real-time measurements onboard a vehicle is shown for a 1 hour ride through Hefei. While the paper does not give a brand new idea, it is a solid description of a new

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instrument that can be useful in future applications. The manuscript could be accepted to AMT after some English polishing. I have a few minor points:

I don't think NOx is not a secondary pollutant. Unfortunately, I have no access to the paper you cite (Crutzen 1979) in order to confirm, but I invite you to re-verify this paper to see on what basis Crutzen said that NOx is a secondary pollutant. Also, from NOx to the formation of secondary aerosols it is a long stretch, maybe it's better to remove.

Page 2, line 78: indicating several seconds in combination with high sensitivity is strange: do you mean a low detection limit with several seconds time resolution?

You give several times your ring-down times with 2-digit precision (24.12 and 22.90 μ s), however mirrors get polluted, alignment changes etc, so I guess the ring-down times you have given here are the result of one measurement at one moment? Or do you really measure over several days or weeks always exactly the same ring-down time?

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