

Supplement of

**A compact, high-purity source of HONO validated by Fourier Transform
Infrared and Thermal Dissociation Cavity Ring-down Spectroscopy**

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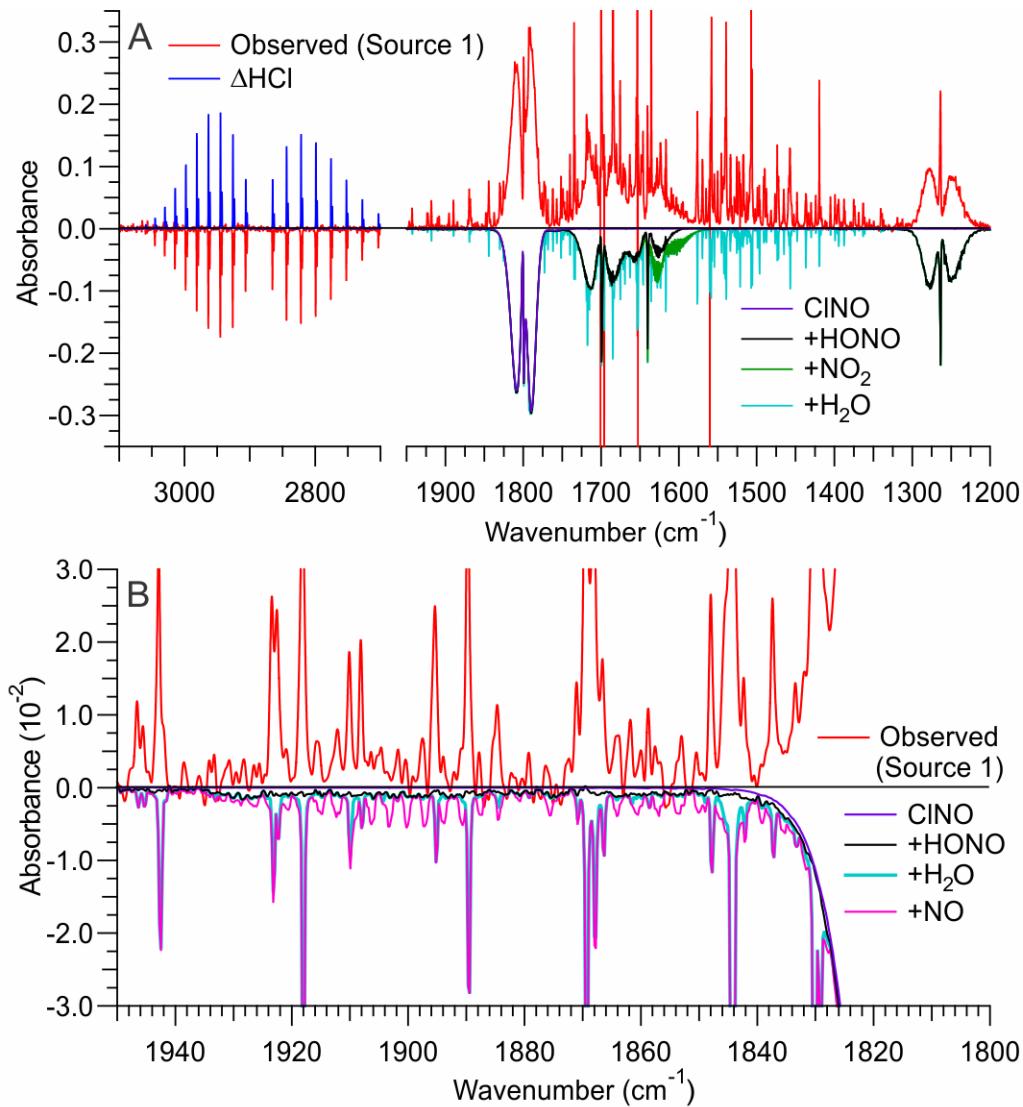


Figure S1. (A) Infrared spectrum (shown in red colour) of a gas stream generated by reaction of $\text{HCl}_{(\text{g})}$ with $\text{NaNO}_{2(\text{s})}$ using source 1. The reference spectrum was collected when NaNO_2 was bypassed, i.e., contained HCl . The transmission spectrum (not shown) was void of HCl lines, indicating quantitative conversion of HCl . Literature spectra (Sharpe et al., 2004) were multiplied by the optical path length of 6.4 m and mixing ratios of the identified trace gases to reproduce the observed spectrum; the expected spectra were multiplied by -1 (i.e., inverted) prior to presentation. In this example, source 1 emitted ~38 ppmv of HONO , ~15.5 ppmv of CINO , ~4.0 ppmv of NO_2 and ~100 ppmv of H_2O and consumed > ~38 ppmv of HCl . (B) Expanded view of the 1950 to 1800 cm^{-1} spectral region. The spectrum expected for ~4.0 ppmv of NO is superimposed.

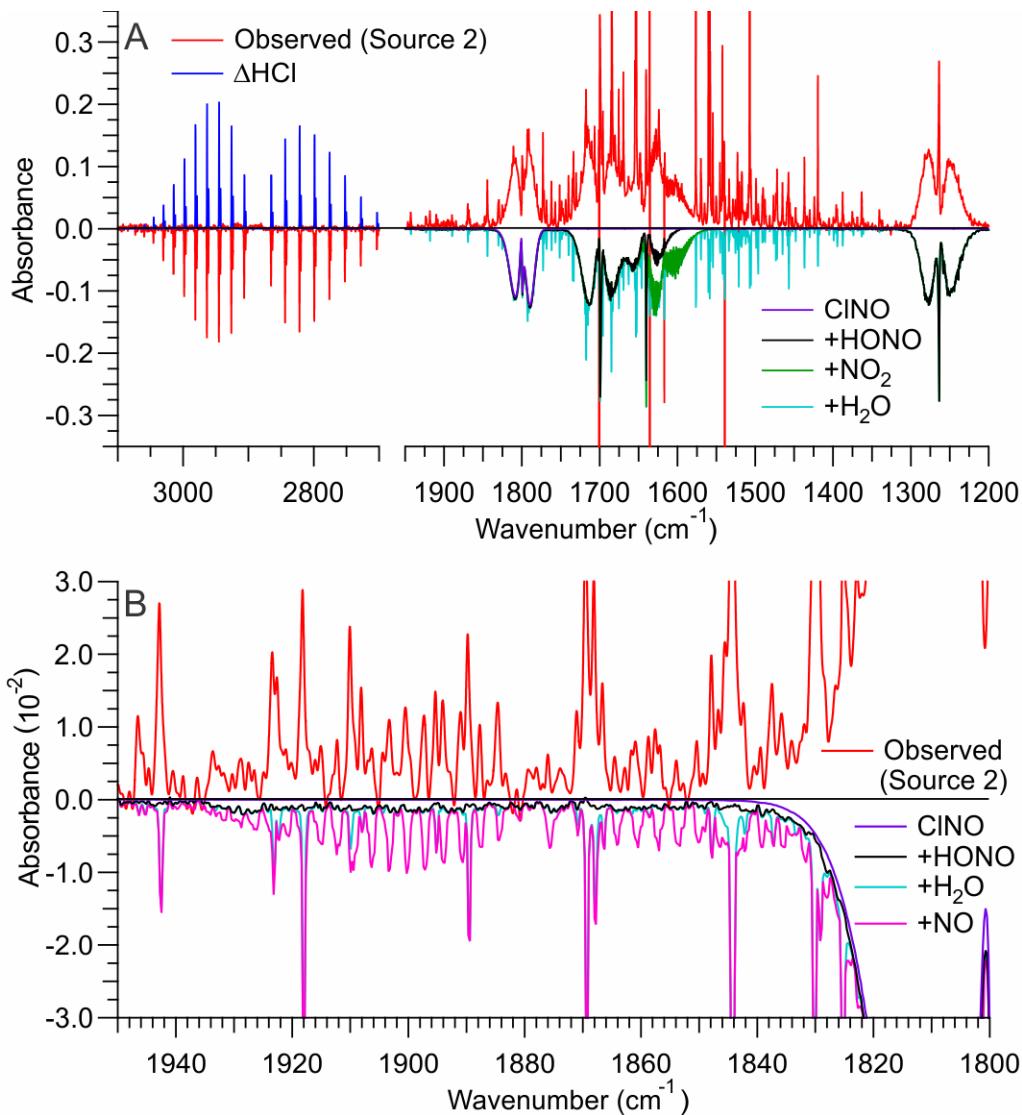


Figure S2. Infrared spectrum (shown in red colour) of a gas stream generated by reaction of $\text{HCl}_{(\text{g})}$ with $\text{NaNO}_{2(\text{s})}$ using source 2. In this example, source 2 emitted ~ 48 ppmv of HONO, ~ 6.5 ppmv of ClNO, ~ 8.0 ppmv of NO_2 and ~ 80 ppmv of H_2O and consumed >41.5 ppmv of HCl. (B) An expanded view of the 1950 to 1800 cm^{-1} spectral region. The spectrum expected for ~ 8.0 ppmv of NO is superimposed.

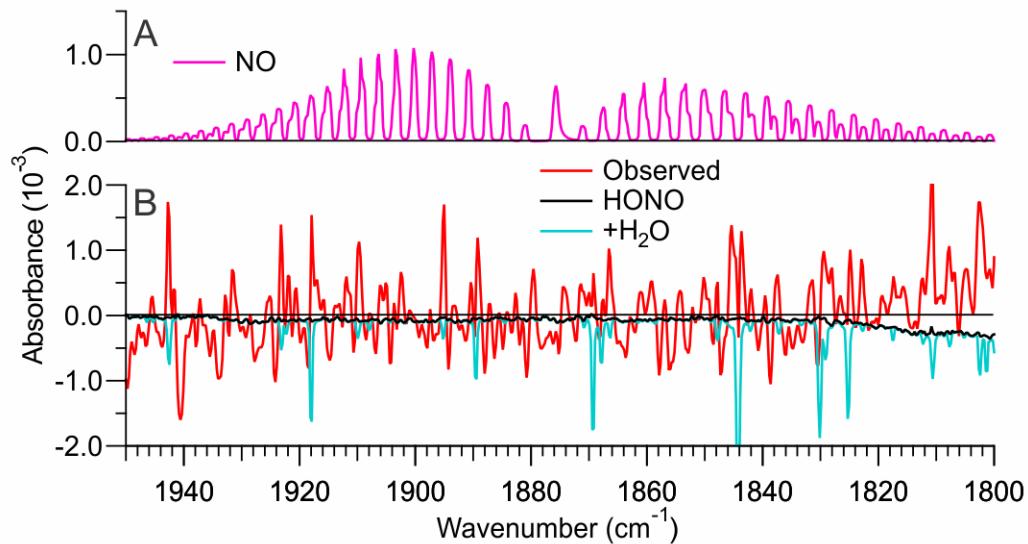


Figure S3. (A) Expected spectrum (Sharpe et al., 2004) for ~1.0 ppmv of NO. (B) Infrared spectrum (shown in red colour) of the optimized source demonstrating the absence of NO.

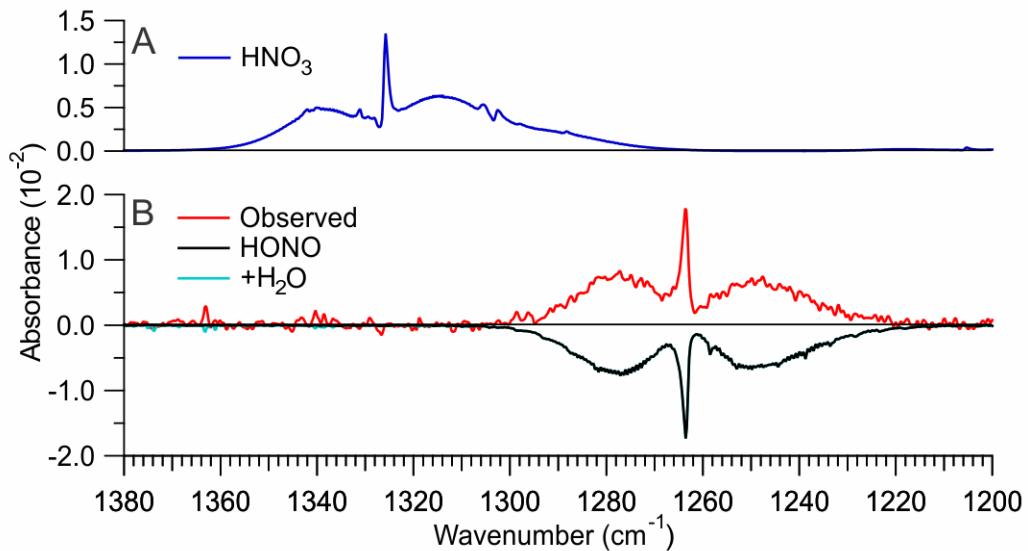


Figure S4. (A) Expected spectrum (Sharpe et al., 2004) for ~ 1.0 ppmv of HNO_3 . (B) Infrared spectrum (shown in red colour) of the optimized source demonstrating the absence of HNO_3 .

References

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Sharpe, S. W., Johnson, T. J., Sams, R. L., Chu, P. M., Rhoderick, G. C., and Johnson, P. A.: Gas-phase databases for quantitative infrared spectroscopy, *Appl. Spectrosc.*, 58, 1452-1461, 2004.