

1

## Supplementary Information (SI)

2 **Rapid quantitative analysis of SVOCs in indoor surface**  
3 **film using Direct Analysis in Real Time mass**  
4 **spectrometry: A case study on phthalates**

5 Ying Zhou<sup>1,2</sup>, Longkun He<sup>1</sup>, Jiang Tan<sup>3</sup>, Jiang Zhou<sup>3,\*</sup>, Yingjun Liu<sup>1,4,\*</sup>

6 <sup>1</sup> SKL-ESPC & SEPKL-AERM, College of Environmental Sciences and Engineering, Peking University,  
7 Beijing, 100871, China

8 <sup>2</sup> West China School of Public Health and West China Fourth Hospital, Sichuan University, Chengdu,  
9 Sichuan 610041, China

10 <sup>3</sup> Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, Analytical Instrumentation Center, College of  
11 Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Peking University, Beijing, 100871, China

12 <sup>4</sup> Center for Environment and Health, Peking University, Beijing 100871, China

13 \* *Correspondence to:* Yingjun Liu (yingjun.liu@pku.edu.cn), Jiang Zhou (zhoujiang@pku.edu.cn)

14 Number of pages: 4

15 Number of figures: 2

16 Number of tables: 2

17

## Table of Contents

### 18 **Supplementary tables**

19 **Table S1** The optimized MS/MS acquisition parameters of the selected phthalates.

20 **Table S2** The optimized DAR-MS/MS acquisition parameters, regression equations and correlation  
21 coefficients for calibration curves for the four selected PAEs spiked on glass capillaries.

### 22 **Supplementary figures**

23 **Fig. S1** (a) DART-MS/MS set up during analysis. (b) Metal holder with six glass capillary tubes.

24 The center-to-center distance between two glass capillary tubes is 20 mm.

25 **Fig. S2** Temperature variations of the extracted ion chromatograms (XIC) obtained from 5  
26 capillaries samples for spiked DEHP within 4 minutes.

27

28 **Table S1** The optimized MS/MS acquisition parameters of the selected phthalates.

Compounds	Precursor ions ( <i>m/z</i> )	Product ions ( <i>m/z</i> )	DP (volts)	CE (volts)
DEHP/DnOP	391.3	113.0	55	14
		149.1	55	23
		167.2	55	14
		261.1	55	11
		279.1	55	11
DiBP/DnBP	279.2	57.3	55	13
		149.1	55	20
		205.0	55	9

29 a: DP: declustering potential.

30 b: CE: collision energy.

31

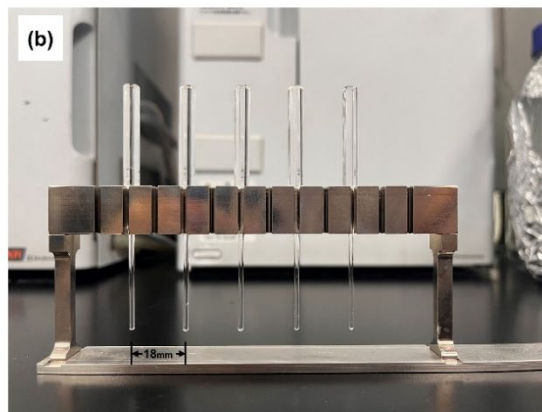
32 **Table S2** The optimized DAR-MS/MS acquisition parameters, regression equations and  
 33 correlation coefficients for calibration curves for the four selected PAEs spiked on glass  
 34 capillaries.

Compounds	Precursor ions ( <i>m/z</i> )	Product ions <sup>a</sup> ( <i>m/z</i> )	Calibration	r
DEHP	391.3	113.0	y=244710 x	0.997
		149.1	y=553054x	0.981
		167.2	y=320202x	0.996
		279.1	y=159683x	0.997
DnOP	391.3	149.1	y=470837x	0.993
		261.1	y=137084x	0.992
DiBP	279.2	57.3	y=246187x	0.993
		149.1	\	
		205.0	y=889277x	0.992
DnBP/DBP	279.2	149.1	\	
		205.0	y=760974x	0.993

35 **a:** Due to the intensities of some product ions being less than 8.5 % max intensities, data were  
 36 not included.

37

38

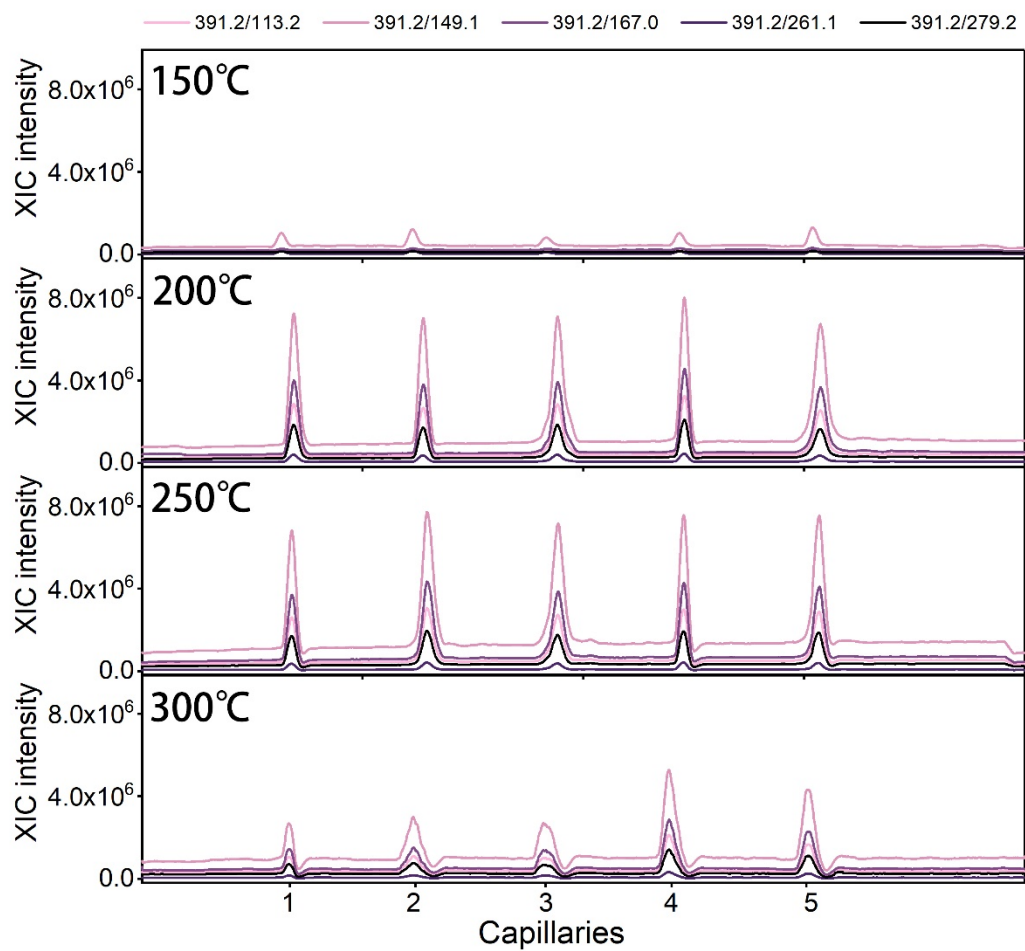


39

40 **Figure S1** (a) DART-MS/MS set up during analysis. (b) Metal holder with six glass capillary tubes

41 on a stainless steel stand. The center-to-center distance between two glass capillary tubes is 18 mm.

42



43

44 **Figure S2** Temperature variations of the extracted ion chromatograms (XIC) obtained from 5  
 45 capillaries samples for spiked DEHP within 4 minutes. The He flux temperature was set at 150 °C,  
 46 200 °C, 250 °C, and 300 °C due to the boiling points of DEHP were 384 °C.

47

48